

# S.R. BATLIBOI & ASSOCIATES LLP

Chartered Accountants

6th Floor - "A" Block  
Tidel Park, No. 4  
Hajiv Gandhi Salai  
Taramani, Chennai - 600 113, India  
Tel : +91 44 6117 9000

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of Northern Arc Investment Managers Private Limited

### Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

#### Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of **Northern Arc Investment Managers Private Limited** (the "Company"), which comprise the Balance sheet as at March 31 2023, the Statement of Profit and Loss, including the statement of Other Comprehensive Income, the Cash Flow Statement and the Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013, as amended (the "Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2023, its profit including other comprehensive income, its cash flows and the changes in equity for the year ended on that date.

#### Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of the financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs), as specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the 'Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements' section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the 'Code of Ethics' issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the financial statements.

#### Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the Board of Director's report included in the Annual report, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The Directors' Report is expected to be made available to us after the date of this auditor's report.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above when it becomes available and, in doing so, consider whether such other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. When we read the Directors' Report, if we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to communicate the matter to those charged with governance.



# **S.R. BATLIBOI & ASSOCIATES LLP**

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## **Responsibility of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements**

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance including other comprehensive income, cash flows and changes in equity of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) specified under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those Charged with Governance are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

## **Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.



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We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

## Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 (the "Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act, we give in the "Annexure 1" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order.
2. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
  - (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit;
  - (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the company so far as it appears from our examination of those books, except that the back-up of the books of account and other books and papers maintained in electronic mode has not been maintained on servers physically located in India on a daily basis, as stated in note 34 to the financial statements;
  - (c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss including the Statement of Other Comprehensive Income, the Cash Flow Statement and Statement of Changes in Equity dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account;
  - (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended;
  - (e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2023 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2023 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act;
  - (f) This report does not include Report on the internal financial controls under clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 (the 'Report on internal financial controls'), since in our opinion and according to the information and explanation given to us, the said report on internal financial controls is not applicable to the Company basis the exemption available to the Company under MCA notification no. G.S.R. 583(E) dated June 13, 2017, read with corrigendum dated July 13, 2017 on reporting on internal financial controls with reference to financial statements;
  - (g) The provisions of section 197 read with Schedule V of the Act are not applicable to the Company for the year ended March 31, 2023;
  - (h) The adverse remark relating to the maintenance of accounts and other matters connected therewith are as stated in the paragraph (b) above; and
- (i) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
  - I. The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its financial position in its financial statements – Refer Note 27 to the financial statements;



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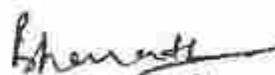
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- ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses;
- iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company;
- iv. a) The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, other than as disclosed in the note 34 to the financial statements, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.  
b) The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, other than as disclosed in the note 34 to the financial statements, no funds have been received by the Company from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries; and  
c) Based on such audit procedures performed that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (a) and (b) contain any material misstatement.
- v. No dividend has been declared or paid during the year by the Company; and
- vi. As proviso to Rule 3(1) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 is applicable for the Company only w.e.f April 1, 2023, reporting under this clause is not applicable.

For S.R. Batliboi & Associates LLP

Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration Number: 101049W/E300004



per Bharath N S

Partner

Membership Number: 210934

UDIN: 232109348GYJLT7851

Place of Signature: Chennai

Date: May 9, 2023



# **S.R. BATLIBOI & ASSOCIATES LLP**

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Annexure 1 referred to in paragraph under the heading "Report on other legal and regulatory requirements" of our report of even date

## **Re: Northern Arc Investment Manager Private Limited (the "Company")**

In terms of the information and explanations sought by us and given by the company and the books of account and records examined by us in the normal course of audit and to the best of our knowledge and belief, we state that:

- (i) (a)(A) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of property, plant and equipment.
  - (B) The Company has not capitalized any intangible assets in the books of the Company and accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(i)(a)(B) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (b) Property, plant and equipment have been physically verified by the management during the year and no material discrepancies were identified on such verification.
- (c) There is no immovable property, held by the Company and accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(i)(c) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (d) The Company has not revalued its Property, Plant and Equipment (including right of use assets) or intangible assets during the year ended March 31, 2023.
- (e) There are no proceedings initiated or are pending against the Company for holding any benami property under the Prohibition of Benami Property Transactions Act, 1988 and rules made thereunder.
- (ii)(a) The Company's business does not require maintenance of inventories and, accordingly, the requirements under paragraph 3(ii)(a) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
  - (b) The Company has not been sanctioned working capital limits in excess of Rs. five crores in aggregate from banks or financial institutions during any point of time of the year on the basis of security of current assets. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(ii)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (iii) (a) During the year the Company has not provided loans, advances in the nature of loans, stood guarantee or provided security to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or any other parties. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(iii)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
  - (b) During the year the Company has not made investments, provided guarantees, provided security and granted loans and advances in the nature of loans to companies, firms, limited Liability Partnerships or any other parties. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(iii)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
  - (c) The Company has not granted loans and advances in the nature of loans to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or any other parties. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(iii)(c) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
  - (d) The Company has not granted loans or advances in the nature of loans to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or any other parties. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(iii)(d) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.



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- (e) There were no loans or advance in the nature of loan granted to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or any other parties. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(iii)(e) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (f) The Company has not granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans, either repayable on demand or without specifying any terms or period of repayment to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or any other parties. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(iii)(f) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (iv) There are no loans, investments, guarantees, and security in respect of which provisions of sections 185 and 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 are applicable and accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(iv) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (v) The Company has neither accepted any deposits from the public nor accepted any amounts which are deemed to be deposits within the meaning of sections 73 to 76 of the Companies Act and the rules made thereunder, to the extent applicable. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(v) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (vi) The Company is not in the business of sale of any goods or provision of such services as prescribed. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(vi) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (vii) (a) The Company is regular in depositing with appropriate authorities undisputed statutory dues including provident fund, income-tax and goods and services tax. The provisions relating to employees' state insurance, service tax, sales tax, value added taxes, duty of customs, wealth tax, and duty of excise are not applicable to the Company. According to the information and explanations given to us, no undisputed amounts payable in respect of provident fund, income-tax and goods and services tax at the year end, for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.  
(b) There are no dues of goods and services tax, provident fund, income tax, cess, goods and service tax and other statutory dues which have not been deposited on account of any dispute. The provisions of employees' state insurance, income tax, sales tax, customs duty, value added tax, duty of customs, wealth tax, and duty of excise are not applicable to the Company.
- (viii) The Company has not surrendered or disclosed any transaction, previously unrecorded in the books of account, in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 as income during the year. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(viii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (ix)(a) The Company has not defaulted in repayment of loans or other borrowings or in the payment of interest thereon to any lender.  
(b) The Company has not been declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority.  
(c) Term loans were applied for the purpose for which the loans were obtained.  
(d) On an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, no funds raised on short-term basis have been used for long-term purposes by the Company.  
(e) The Company does not have any subsidiary, associate or joint venture. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clauses 3(ix)(e) and 3(ix)(f) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- (x) (a) The Company has not raised any money during the year by way of initial public offer / further public offer (including debt instruments) hence, the requirement to report on clause 3(x)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.



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- (b) The Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares /fully or partially or optionally convertible debentures during the year under audit and hence, the requirement to report on clause 3(x)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (xi)(a) No fraud by the Company or no fraud on the Company has been noticed or reported during the year.
- (b) During the year, no report under sub-section (12) of section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 has been filed by us in Form ABT – 4 as prescribed under Rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government.
- (c) As represented to us by the management, there are no whistle blower complaints received by the Company during the year.
- (xii) The Company is not a nidhi company as per the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013. Therefore, the requirement to report on clause 3(xii)(a), (b) and (c) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- (xiii) Transactions with the related parties are in compliance with sections 188 of Companies Act, 2013 where applicable and the details have been disclosed in the notes to the financial statements, as required by the applicable accounting standards. The provisions of section 177 are not applicable to the Company and accordingly the requirements to report under clause 3(xiii) of the Order insofar as it relates to section 177 of the Act is not applicable to the Company.
- (xiv) The Company has implemented internal audit system on a voluntary basis which is commensurate with the size of the Company and nature of its business though it is not required to have an internal audit system under Section 138 of the Companies Act, 2013.
- (xv) The Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with its directors or persons connected with its directors and hence requirement to report on clause 3(xv) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (xvi)(a) The provisions of section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 (2 of 1934) are not applicable to the Company. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause (xvi)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (b) The Company is not engaged in any Non-Banking Financial or Housing Finance activities. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause (xvi)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (c) The Company is not a Core Investment Company as defined in the regulations made by Reserve Bank of India. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(xvi)(c) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (d) There is no Core Investment Company as a part of the Group, hence, the requirement to report on clause 3(xvi)(d) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (xvii) The Company has not incurred cash losses in the current financial year and in the immediately previous preceding year.
- (xviii) There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors during the year and accordingly requirement to report on Clause 3(xviii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.



# **S.R. BATLIBOI & ASSOCIATES LLP**

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- (xix) On the basis of the financial ratios disclosed in note 33 to the financial statements, ageing and expected dates of realization of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements, our knowledge of the Board of Directors and management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report that Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due.
- (xx)(a) In respect of other than ongoing projects, there are no unspent amounts that are required to be transferred to a fund specified in Schedule VII of the Companies Act (the Act), in compliance with second proviso to sub section 5 of section 135 of the Act. This matter has been disclosed in note 23.4 to the financial statements.
- (xx)(b) There are no unspent amounts in respect of ongoing projects, that are required to be transferred to a special account in compliance of provision of sub section (6) of section 135 of Companies Act. This matter has been disclosed in note 23.4 to the financial statements.

For S.R. Batliboi & Associates LLP

Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration Number: 101049W / E300004



per Bharath N.S

Partner

Membership Number: 210934

UDIN: 23210934BGYILT7851

Place of signature: Chennai

Date: May 9, 2023



**Northern Arc Investment Managers Private Limited**  
**Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2023**  
 (All amounts are in Indian Rupees in lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Note	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
<b>ASSETS</b>			
<b>Non-current assets</b>			
Property, plant and equipment	4	0.12	5.35
Financial assets			
Investments	5	3,115.67	3,764.23
Current tax assets (net)	6	463.80	92.48
<b>Total non-current assets</b>		<b>3,579.59</b>	<b>3,862.07</b>
<b>Current assets</b>			
Financial assets			
Investments	5	219.84	1,874.80
Other financial assets	7	530.65	234.19
Trade receivables	8	901.61	92.24
Cash and cash equivalents	9	30.80	122.99
Other current assets	10	711.51	772.68
<b>Total current assets</b>		<b>2,394.41</b>	<b>3,096.89</b>
<b>Total assets</b>		<b>5,974.00</b>	<b>5,958.95</b>
<b>EQUITY AND LIABILITIES</b>			
<b>Equity</b>			
Equity share capital	11	351.00	361.00
Other equity	12	4,297.63	3,395.76
<b>Total equity</b>		<b>4,658.63</b>	<b>3,756.76</b>
<b>Liabilities</b>			
<b>Non-current liabilities</b>			
Financial liabilities			
Borrowings	13	-	115.95
Provisions	14	136.72	67.76
Deferred tax liabilities (net)	24	20.02	72.36
<b>Total non-current liabilities</b>		<b>156.74</b>	<b>1,865.97</b>
<b>Current liabilities</b>			
Financial liabilities			
Borrowings	13	169.43	165.93
Trade payables	15	-	-
total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises		-	-
total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises		384.44	186.57
Other financial liabilities	16	447.59	359.12
Other current liabilities	17	129.52	112.99
Provisions	14	27.66	15.61
<b>Total current liabilities</b>		<b>1,159.63</b>	<b>836.22</b>
<b>Total equity and liabilities</b>		<b>5,974.00</b>	<b>5,958.95</b>

**Significant accounting policies**

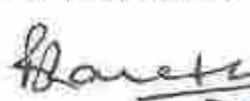
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The notes referred to above form an integral part of the financial statements.

As per our report of even date attached.

for S.R.Batliboi & Associates LLP  
*Chartered Accountants*  
 ICAI Firm's Registration No. 101049W/E302004

for and on behalf of the Board of Directors of  
**Northern Arc Investment Managers Private Limited**  
 CIN: U74120TNN2014PTC095064

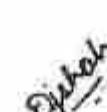
  
 per Bharath N S  
*Partner*  
 Membership No. 210934  
 Place - Chennai  
 Date : May 9, 2023

  
 Abhishek  
 Director  
 DIN: 07277318

  
 Kishama Fernandes  
 Director  
 DIN: 02539429

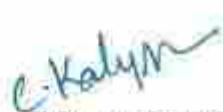
  
 Ravi Vakkadai  
 Chief Executive Officer



  
 Devanshi Shah  
 Company Secretary  
 Membership No. A65488  
 Place : Mumbai  
 Date : May 9, 2023

  
 Kalyanasundaram C  
 Chief Financial Officer  
 Place: Chennai  
 Date: May 9, 2023

**Northern Arc Investment Managers Private Limited**  
**Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended March 31, 2023**  
(All amounts are in Indian Rupees in lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Note	Year ended March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31, 2022
<b>REVENUE</b>			
Revenue from operations	18	4,034.78	3,088.87
Other income	19	3.67	-
<b>Total income</b>		<b>4,038.45</b>	<b>3,088.87</b>
<b>EXPENSES</b>			
Employee benefit expenses	20	996.96	728.55
Finance costs	21	89.05	213.77
Depreciation and amortisation expense	22	5.24	5.19
Other expenses	23	1,790.35	942.75
<b>Total expenses</b>		<b>2,881.54</b>	<b>1,890.27</b>
<b>Profit before tax</b>		<b>1,156.91</b>	<b>1,198.60</b>
<b>Tax expense</b>			
Current tax	24	320.43	327.45
Adjustment of tax relating to earlier periods		(27.82)	-
Deferred tax charge/ (credit)	24	(48.54)	(19.66)
		<b>244.07</b>	<b>307.79</b>
<b>Profit after tax</b>		<b>912.84</b>	<b>890.81</b>
<b>Other comprehensive income</b>			
<b>Other comprehensive income not to be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods</b>			
Remeasurements of the defined benefit asset/ (liability)		(14.66)	(23.07)
income tax relating to items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss		3.69	5.81
<b>Net other comprehensive income not to be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss</b>		<b>(10.97)</b>	<b>(17.26)</b>
<b>Other comprehensive income for the year</b>		<b>(10.97)</b>	<b>(17.26)</b>
<b>Total comprehensive income for the year</b>		<b>901.87</b>	<b>873.55</b>
<b>Earnings per equity share (Face Value - INR 100/ Share)</b>	32		
<b>Earnings per equity share</b>			
Basic (in rupees)		252.86	246.76
Diluted (in rupees)		252.86	246.76
<b>Significant accounting policies</b>		2 and 3	
The notes referred to above form an integral part of the financial statements			
As per our report of even date attached			
for S.R. Batliboi & Associates I.L.P.			
Chartered Accountants			
ICAI Firm's Registration No. 101049W/E300004			
			
per Bharath N S			
Partner			
Membership No. 210934			
Place : Chennai			
Date : May 9, 2023			
			
			
Devunshi Shah			
Company Secretary			
Membership No. A65481			
Place : Mumbai			
Date : May 9, 2023			
			
Kalyanasundaram C			
Chief Financial Officer			
Place: Chennai			
Date : May 9, 2023			
			
Ravi Vukhadala			
Chief Executive Officer			



for and on behalf of the Board of Directors of  
**Northern Arc Investment Managers Private Limited**  
CIN: U74120TN2014PTC095064

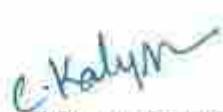
  
Kishan Mehta  
Director  
DIN: 07277318

  
Kishan Fernandes  
Director  
DIN: 02539429

  
Ravi Vukhadala  
Chief Executive Officer

  
Devunshi Shah  
Company Secretary  
Membership No. A65481

Place : Mumbai  
Date : May 9, 2023

  
Kalyanasundaram C  
Chief Financial Officer  
Place: Chennai  
Date : May 9, 2023

Northern Arc Investment Managers Private Limited  
 Cash Flow Statement for the year ended March 31, 2023  
 (All amounts are in Indian Rupees in lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Note	Year ended March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31, 2022
<b>A Cash flow from operating activities</b>			
Profit before tax		1,136.91	1,198.60
Adjustments for:			
Depreciation and amortisation expense		5.24	5.19
Unrealised gain on alternative investment funds designated at fair value through profit or loss		(121.37)	(188.76)
Interest expense on term loan		89.95	215.77
Operating profit before working capital changes		1,129.81	1,359.80
Changes in working capital:			
(Increase) Decrease in trade receivables		(309.37)	368.21
(Increase) Decrease in other financial assets		(295.46)	142.03
Decrease / (Increase) in other non-financial assets		61.17	149.72
Decrease / (Increase) in Investments		1,434.89	(264.76)
Decrease / (Increase) in trade payables		192.87	(103.34)
Increase / (Decrease) in Other financial liabilities		98.45	168.12
Increase / (decrease) in Other non-financial liabilities		99.53	(15.80)
Cash generated from operations		1,095.91	884.38
Income taxes paid (Net)		(678.00)	(395.80)
Net Cash flow generated from operating activities	(A)	1,217.91	489.34
<b>B Cash flows from investing activities</b>			
Purchase of property, plant and equipment		-	(10.53)
Net cash (used in) investing activities	(B)	-	(10.53)
<b>C Cash flow from financing activities</b>			
Proceeds from long term borrowings		2,511.13	7,573.48
Repayment of long term borrowings		(3,731.57)	(8,222.09)
Interest paid		(89.95)	(215.77)
Net cash (used in) financing activities	(C)	(1,209.50)	(962.29)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	(A+B+C)	(92.19)	(483.48)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		122.00	666.46
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year		30.80	122.99
Reconciliation of Cash and Cash equivalents:			
Notes to cash flow statement			

	Note	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
<b>1 Components of cash and cash equivalents:</b>	9		
Balances with banks:			
- in current accounts		30.80	122.99
		30.80	122.99

2 The above cashflow statement has been prepared under the "Indirect method" as set out in the Ind AS-7 on Statement of cashflows specified under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013.

3 Change in liabilities arising from financing activities:

Particulars	As at March 31, 2022	Cash Flows	Net Cash Changes	As at March 31, 2023
Borrowings	1,389.88	(1,220.45)	-	169.43
Other financial liabilities	447.58	(88.46)	-	359.12
Total	1,837.46	(1,308.91)	-	528.55

Significant accounting policies

The notes referred to above form an integral part of financial statements  
 As per our report of even date attached

for S.R.Bhatia & Associates LLP  
 Chartered Accountants  
 ICAI Firm's Registration No. 101049W/E300014

for and on behalf of the Board of Directors of  
 Northern Arc Investment Managers Private Limited  
 CIN: U74120TN2014PTC095064

See Bharathi N.S.  
 Partner  
 Membership No. A10934  
 Place : Chennai  
 Date : May 9, 2023

Kishan Fernando  
 Director  
 DIN 02377318

Ravi Vakkundali  
 Chief Executive Officer



Dhanesh Shukla  
 Company Secretary  
 Membership No. A65481

Kalyanamurthy C

Chief Financial Officer

Place : Mumbai  
 Date : May 9, 2023

Place : Chennai  
 Date : May 9, 2023

Northern Arc Investment Managers Private Limited  
 Statement of changes in equity for the period ended March 31, 2023  
 (All amounts are in Indian Rupees in Lakh, unless otherwise stated)

**A. Equity Share Capital:**

Equity share capital of INR 100 each issued, authorized and fully paid	
Balance as at March 31, 2021	361.00
Change in equity share capital during the year	
Balances as at March 31, 2022	163.00
Changes in equity share capital during the year	
Balances as at March 31, 2023	163.00

**B. Other Equity:**

	Reserves and surplus			Total Other Equity Attributable to Equity holders of the Company
	Share-based payment reserves	Capital Redesignation Reserves	Retained Earnings	
Balance as at March 31, 2021	6,519	22.00	1,819.22	2,347.22
Change in equity for the Year ended March 31, 2022				
Profit for the year			900.00	900.00
Advancement*	63.00	-	-	63.00
Employee stock compensation expense during the year	22.15	-	-	22.15
Transfer of employee stock option reserve	(22.15)	-	-	(22.15)
Retirement of other defined benefit liability			(12.20)	(12.20)
Balance as at March 31, 2022		22.00	1,871.77	1,996.77
Change in equity for the Year ended March 31, 2023				
Profit for the year			912.82	912.82
Employee stock compensation expense during the year	0.00	-	-	0.00
Transfer of employee stock option reserve	(8.00)	-	-	(8.00)
Retirement of measurement of net defined benefit liability			(10.97)	(10.97)
Balance as at March 31, 2023		22.00	1,975.84	1,996.84

\* Those relate to contribution to ESOP of holding company to the employee of the Company relating to earlier periods that was reattributed to the Company and released from the ESOP over a rolling the FY 2022-23.

Significant accounting policies (refer note 3 and 2)

The notes referred to above form an integral part of the financial statements.

As per our report of even date attached.

for S.R.Bapatla & Associates LLP

Chartered Accountants

[CA] Firm's Registration No: (6104PM/E190004

It is on behalf of the Board of Directors of  
 Northern Arc Investment Managers Private Limited  
 CIN: U74120TN2011PTC025804

per Bhushan N.S.  
 Partner  
 Membership No: 210934  
 Place: Chennai  
 Date: May 9, 2023



Bhushan N.S.  
 Partner  
 Membership No: 210934  
 Date: May 9, 2023

Kishore Fernandes  
 Director  
 DIN: 02598429

Ravi Vankhfield  
 Chief Executive Officer



Dinesh Shah  
 Company Secretary  
 Membership No: 455181

Place: Mumbai  
 Date: May 9, 2023

Kalpanamandarin G.  
 Chief Financial Officer

Place: Chennai  
 Date: May 9, 2023

**Northern Arc Investment Managers Private Limited**  
**Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023**  
(All amounts are in Indian Rupees in lakhs unless stated otherwise)

**1 Reporting entity**

Northern Arc Investment Managers Private Limited was incorporated on February 17, 2014, with the aim of carrying on the business of Investment Company and also to provide portfolio management services to Offshore funds and all kinds of Investment Funds. The company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Northern Arc Capital Limited. The Company's registered address is No. 1, Kanagam Village, 10th Floor ITM Research Park, Taramani, Chennai - TN 600013.

**2 Basis of preparation**

**2.1 Statement of compliance**

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) as per the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 notified under Section 133 of Companies Act, 2013 (the 'Act'), other relevant provisions of the Act ("Ind AS").

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the Company's Board of Directors on May 9, 2023.

Accounting policies have been consistently applied except where a newly issued accounting standard is initially adopted or a revision to the existing accounting standard requires a change in the accounting policy hitherto in use.

Division II - Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013, has been further amended vide Government Notification dated March 24, 2021 to include certain additional presentation and disclosure requirements and changes to some of the existing requirements. These changes need to be applied in preparation of financial statements for the financial year commencing on or after April 1, 2021. Accordingly, these financial statements has been prepared based on the above requirement.

Details of the Company's accounting policies were disclosed in note 3.

**2.2 Functional and presentation currency**

These financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees (INR), which is also the Company's functional currency. All amounts have been rounded-off to the nearest Rupees in lakhs (two decimals), unless otherwise indicated.

**2.3 Basis of measurement**

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for the following items:

Items	Measurement basis
Investments in Alternative Investment Fund	Fair value
Liabilities for equity-settled share-based payment arrangements	Fair value
Net defined benefit (asset)/ liability	Fair value of plan assets less present value of defined benefit obligations

**2.4 Current and non-current classification**

All assets and liabilities have been classified as current or non-current as per the Company's normal operating cycle. Based on the nature of products and the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realisation in cash or cash equivalents, the Company has ascertained its operating cycle as 12 months for the purpose of current – non-current classification of assets and liabilities.

**2.5 Use of estimates and judgments**

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with Ind AS requires management to make estimates, judgments and assumptions. These estimates, judgments and assumptions affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the period. Accounting estimates could change from period to period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Appropriate changes in estimates are made as management becomes aware of changes in circumstances surrounding the estimates. Changes in estimates are reflected in the financial statements in the period in which changes are made and, if material, their effects are disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

**i) Business model assessment**

Classification and measurement of financial assets depends on the results of business model and the solely payments of principal and interest ("SPPI") test. The Company determines the business model at a level that reflects how groups of financial assets are managed together to achieve a particular business objective. This assessment includes judgement reflecting all relevant evidence including how the performance of the assets is evaluated and their performance measured, the risks that affect the performance of the assets and how these are managed and how the managers of the assets are compensated. The Company monitors financial assets measured at amortised cost or fair value through other comprehensive income or fair value through profit and loss that are derecognised prior to their maturity to understand the reason for their disposal and whether the reasons are consistent with the objective of the business for which the asset was held. Monitoring is part of the Company's continuous assessment of whether the business model for which the remaining financial assets are held continues to be appropriate and if it is not appropriate whether there has been a change in business model and so a prospective change to the classification of those assets.



**Northern Arc Investment Managers Private Limited**  
**Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023**  
(All amounts are in Indian Rupees in lakhs unless stated otherwise)

**ii) Fair value of financial instruments**

The fair value of financial instruments is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction in the principal (or most advantageous) market at the measurement date under current market conditions (i.e. an exit price) regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. When the fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded in the balance sheet cannot be derived from active markets, they are determined using a variety of valuation techniques that include the use of valuation models. The inputs to these models are taken from observable markets where possible; but where this is not feasible, estimation is required in establishing fair values.

**iii) Impairment of financial assets**

The measurement of impairment losses across all categories of financial assets requires judgement, in particular, the estimation of the amount and timing of future cash flows and collateral values when determining impairment losses and the assessment of a significant increase in credit risk. These estimates are driven by a number of factors, changes in which can result in different levels of allowances.

The Company's expected credit loss ("ECL") calculations are outputs of complex models with a number of underlying assumptions regarding the choice of variable inputs and their interdependencies. Elements of the ECL models that are considered accounting judgements and estimates include:

- The Company's criteria for assessing if there has been a significant increase in credit risk and so allowances for financial assets should be measured on a life time expected credit loss ("LTECL") basis;
- Development of ECL models, including the various formulas and the choice of inputs;
- Determination of associations between macroeconomic scenarios and economic inputs, such as consumer spending, lending interest rates and collateral values, and the effect on probability of default ("PD"), exposure at default ("EAD") and loss given default ("LGD");
- Selection of forward-looking macroeconomic scenarios and their probability weightings, to derive the economic inputs into ECL models;

**iv) Provisions and other contingent liabilities**

When the Company can reliably measure the outflow of economic benefits in relation to a specific case and considers such outflows to be probable, the Company records a provision against the case. Where the outflow is considered to be probable, but a reliable estimate cannot be made, a contingent liability is disclosed.

Given the subjectivity and uncertainty of determining the probability and amount of losses, the Company takes into account a number of factors including legal advice, the stage of the matter and historical evidence from similar incidents. Significant judgement is required to conclude on these estimates.

These estimates and judgements are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that may have a financial impact on the Company and that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Management believes that the estimates used in preparation of the financial statements are prudent and reasonable.

**v) Other assumptions and estimation uncertainties**

Information about critical judgments in applying accounting policies, as well as estimates and assumptions that have the most significant effect to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are included in the following notes:

- Measurement of defined benefit obligations: key actuarial assumptions;
- Estimated useful life of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets;
- Recognition of deferred taxes;



### 3 Significant accounting policies

#### 3.1 Revenue Recognition

##### Fee income

Revenue (other than for those items to which Ind AS 109 Financial Instruments are applicable) is measured at fair value of the consideration received or receivable. Ind AS 115 Revenue from contracts with customers outlines a single comprehensive model of accounting for revenue arising from contracts with customers and supersedes current revenue recognition guidance found within Ind ASs.

Step 1: Identify contract(s) with a customer. A contract is defined as an agreement between two or more parties that creates enforceable rights and obligations and sets out the criteria for every contract that must be met.

Step 2: identify performance obligations in the contract. A performance obligation is a promise in a contract with a customer to transfer a good or service to the customer.

Step 3: Determine the transaction price. The transaction price is the amount of consideration to which the Company expects to be entitled in exchange for transferring promised goods or services to a customer, excluding amounts collected on behalf of third parties.

Step 4: Allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract. For a contract that has more than one performance obligation, the Company allocates the transaction price to each performance obligation in an amount that depicts the amount of consideration to which the Company expects to be entitled in exchange for satisfying each performance obligation.

Step 5: Recognise revenue when (or as) the Company satisfies a performance obligation.

#### 3.1 Revenue Recognition (continued)

##### Income from investment in alternative investment fund

Income from investment in alternative investment fund is recognised when the right to receive is established.

##### Dividend income

Dividend income is recognised when the Company's right to receive the payment is established, it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the Company and the amount of the dividend can be measured reliably. This is generally when the shareholders approve the dividend.

##### Fund operating fee

Pursuant to the management agreement/ PPM entered by the Company with the fund, Company incurs all operating expense on behalf of the fund and recharges to the fund at the specified % as Fund operating fee.

#### 3.2 Financial instrument - initial recognition

##### A. Date of recognition

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially recognised when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

##### B. Initial measurement of financial instruments

The classification of financial instruments at initial recognition depends on their contractual terms and the business model for managing the instruments. Financial instruments are initially measured at their fair value, except in the case of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded at FVTPL, transaction costs are added to, or subtracted from this amount.

##### C. Measurement categories of financial assets and liabilities

The Company classifies all of its financial assets based on the business model for managing the assets and the asset's contractual terms, measured at either:

- Amortised cost
- Fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI)
- Fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)

#### 3.3 Financial assets and liabilities

##### A. Financial assets

###### Business model assessment

The Company determines its business model at the level that best reflects how it manages groups of financial assets to achieve its business objective.

The Company's business model is not assessed on an instrument-by-instrument basis; but at a higher level of aggregated portfolios and is based on observable factors such as:

- How the performance of the business model and the financial assets held within that business model are evaluated and reported to the Company's key management personnel.
- The risks that affect the performance of the business model (and the financial assets held within that business model) and, in particular, the way those risks are managed.
- How managers of the business are compensated (for example, whether the compensation is based on the fair value of the assets managed or on the contractual cash flows collected).
- The expected frequency, value and timing of sales are also important aspects of the Company's assessment.



**Sole Payments of Principal and Interest (SPPI) test**

As a second step of its classification process, the Company assesses the contractual terms of financial to identify whether they meet SPPI test. 'Principal' for the purpose of this test is defined as the fair value of the financial asset at initial recognition and may change over the life of financial assets (for example, if there are repayments of principal or amortisation of the premium/ discount). The most significant elements of interest within a lending arrangement are typically the consideration for the time value of money and credit risk. To make the SPPI assessment, the Company applies judgement and considers relevant factors such as the period for which the interest rate is set.

In contrast, contractual terms that introduce a more than de minimis exposure to risks or volatility in the contractual cash flows that are unrelated to a basic lending arrangement do not give rise to contractual cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the amount outstanding. In such cases, the financial asset is required to be measured at FVTPL.

Accordingly, financial assets are measured as follows:

**i) Financial assets carried at amortised cost (AC)**

A financial asset is measured at amortised cost if it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold the asset in order to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

**ii) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI)**

A financial asset is measured at FVOCI if it is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding. Since, the loans and advances are held to sale and collect contractual cash flows, they are measured at FVOCI.

**iii) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)**

A financial asset which is not classified in any of the above categories are measured at FVTPL.

**B. Financial liability**

**i) Initial recognition and measurement**

All financial liability are initially recognised at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial liability, which are not at fair value through profit or loss, are adjusted to the fair value on initial recognition.

**ii) Subsequent measurement**

Financial liabilities are carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

**3.4 Reclassification of financial assets and liabilities**

The Company does not reclassify its financial assets subsequent to their initial recognition, apart from the exceptional circumstances in which the Company acquires, disposes of, or terminates a business line. Financial liabilities are never reclassified.

**3.5 Derecognition of financial assets and liabilities**

**A. Derecognition of financial assets due to substantial modification of terms and conditions**

The Company derecognises a financial asset, when the terms and conditions have been renegotiated to the extent that, substantially, it becomes a new loan, with the difference recognised as a derecognition gain or loss, to the extent that an impairment loss has not already been recorded. The newly recognised loans are classified as Stage 1 for ECL measurement purposes.

**B. Derecognition of financial assets other than due to substantial modification**

**i) Financial Assets**

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is derecognised when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expires or it transfers the rights to receive the contractual cash flows in a transaction in which substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset are transferred or in which the Company neither transfers nor retains substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership and it does not retain control of the financial asset.

On derecognition of a financial asset in its entirety, the difference between the carrying amount (measured at the date of derecognition) and the consideration received (including any new asset obtained less any new liability assumed) is recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

**ii) Financial Liability**

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged, cancelled or expires. Where an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference between the carrying value of the original financial liability and the consideration paid is recognised in the statement of profit and loss.



**Northern Arc Investment Managers Private Limited**  
**Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023**  
(All amounts are in Indian Rupees in lakhs unless stated otherwise)

**3.6 Impairment of financial assets (continued)**

When determining whether the credit risk of a financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition and when estimating expected credit losses, the Company considers reasonable and supportable information that is relevant and available without undue cost or effort. This includes both quantitative and qualitative information and analysis, based on the Company's historical experience and informed credit assessment and including forward-looking information.

The Company considers a financial asset to be in default when the borrower is unlikely to pay its credit obligations to the Company in full, without recourse by the Company to actions such as realising security (if any is held).

*Measurement of expected credit losses*

Expected credit losses are a probability-weighted estimate of credit losses. Credit losses are measured as the present value of all cash shortfalls (i.e. the difference between the cash flows due to the Company in accordance with the contract and the cash flows that the Company expects to receive).

*Presentation of allowance for expected credit losses in the balance sheet*

Loss allowances for financial assets measured at amortised cost are deducted from the gross carrying amount of the assets.

**3.7 Write-offs**

The gross carrying amount of a financial asset is written off (either partially or in full) to the extent that there is no realistic prospect of recovery. This is generally the case when the Company determines that the debtor does not have assets or sources of income that could generate sufficient cash flows to repay the amounts subject to the write-off. However, financial assets that are written off could still be subject to enforcement activities in order to comply with the Company's procedures for recovery of amounts due.

**3.8 Determination of fair value**

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Company has taken into account the characteristics of the asset or liability if market participants would take those characteristics into account when pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date.

In addition, for financial reporting purposes, fair value measurements are categorised into Level 1, 2, or 3 based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements are observable and the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety, which are described as follows:

**Level 1 financial instruments:** Those where the inputs used in the valuation are unadjusted quoted prices from active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the Company has access to at the measurement date. The Company considers markets as active only if there are sufficient trading activities with regards to the volume and liquidity of the identical assets or liabilities and when there are binding and executable price quotes available on the balance sheet date;

**Level 2 financial instruments:** Those where the inputs that are used for valuation and are significant, are derived from directly or indirectly observable market data available over the entire period of the instrument's life. Such inputs include quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets, quoted prices for identical instruments in inactive markets and observable inputs other than quoted prices such as interest rates and yield curves, implied volatilities, and credit spreads; and

**Level 3 financial instruments:** Those that include one or more unobservable input that is significant to the measurement as whole.

**3.9 Foreign currency transactions**

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into the functional currency of the Company, at the exchange rates at the dates of the transactions or an average rate if the average rate approximates the actual rate at the date of the transaction.

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into the functional currency at the exchange rate at the reporting date. Non-monetary assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated into the functional currency at the exchange rate when the fair value was determined. Non-monetary assets and liabilities that are measured based on historical cost in a foreign currency are translated at the exchange rate at the date of the transaction. Exchange differences are recognized in profit or loss.

**3.10 Property, plant and equipment**

**i. Recognition and measurement**

Items of property, plant and equipment are measured at cost, which includes capitalised borrowing costs, less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any.

Cost of an item of property, plant and equipment comprises its purchase price, including import duties and non-refundable purchase taxes, after deducting trade discounts and rebates, any directly attributable cost of bringing the item to its working condition for its intended use and estimated costs of dismantling and removing the item and restoring the site on which it is located. If significant parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, then they are accounted for as separate items (major components) of property, plant and equipment.

Any gain or loss on disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised in profit or loss.



**ii. Subsequent expenditure**

Subsequent expenditure is capitalised only if it is probable that the future economic benefits associated with the expenditure will flow to the Company.

**iii. Depreciation**

Depreciation is calculated on cost of items of property, plant and equipment less their estimated residual values over their estimated useful lives using the written down value method, and is generally recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

The Company follows estimated useful lives which are given under Part C of the Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013. The estimated useful lives of items of property, plant and equipment for the current and comparative periods are as follows:

Asset category	Useful Life
Computers and accessories	3 years
Office equipments	3 years

Depreciation on additions, including transfer assets (disposals) is provided on a pro-rata basis i.e. from (up to) the date on which asset is ready for use (disposed of).

**3.11 Impairment of non-financial assets**

The Company determines periodically whether there is any indication of impairment of the carrying amount of its non-financial assets. The recoverable amount (higher of net selling price and value in use) is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflow that are largely independent of those from other assets or group of assets. The recoverable amounts of such asset are estimated, if any indication exists and impairment loss is recognized wherever the carrying amount of the asset exceeds its recoverable amount. Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

**3.12 Employee benefits**

**i. Post-employment benefits**

**Defined contribution plan**

The Company's contribution to provident fund are considered as defined contribution plan and are charged as an expense as they fall due based on the amount of contribution required to be made and when the services are rendered by the employees.

**Defined benefit plans**

**Gratuity**

A defined benefit plan is a post-employment benefit plan other than a defined contribution plan. The Company's net obligation in respect of defined benefit plans is calculated separately for each plan by estimating the amount of future benefit that employees have earned in the current and prior periods, discounting that amount and deducting the fair value of any plan assets.

The calculation of defined benefit obligation is performed annually by a qualified actuary using the projected unit credit method. When the calculation results in a potential asset for the Company, the recognised asset is limited to the present value of economic benefits available in the form of any future refunds from the plan or reductions in future contributions to the plan ('the asset ceiling'). In order to calculate the present value of economic benefits, consideration is given to any minimum funding requirements.

Remeasurements of the net defined benefit liability, which comprise actuarial gains and losses and the effect of the asset ceiling (if any, excluding interest), are recognised in OCI. The Company determines the net interest expense (income) on the net defined benefit liability (asset) for the period by applying the discount rate used to measure the defined benefit obligation at the beginning of the annual period to the then-net defined benefit liability (asset), taking into account any changes in the net defined benefit liability (asset) during the period as a result of contributions and benefit payments. Net interest expense and other expenses related to defined benefit plans are recognised in profit or loss.

When the benefits of a plan are changed or when a plan is curtailed, the resulting change in benefit that relates to past service ('past service cost' or 'past service gain') or the gain or loss on curtailment is recognised immediately in profit or loss. The Company recognises gains and losses on the settlement of a defined benefit plan when the settlement occurs.

**ii. Other long-term employee benefits**

**Compensated absences**

The employees can carry forward a portion of the unutilised accrued compensated absences and utilise it in future service periods or receive cash compensation on termination of employment. Since the compensated absences do not fall wholly within twelve months after the end of such period, the benefit is classified as a long-term employee benefit. The Company records an obligation for such compensated absences in the period in which the employee renders the services that increase this entitlement. The obligation is measured on the basis of independent actuarial valuation using the projected unit credit method.



**Northern Arc Investment Managers Private Limited**  
**Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023**  
(All amounts are in Indian Rupees in lakhs unless stated otherwise)

**3.12 Employee benefits (continued)**

**i. Short-term employee benefits**

The undiscounted amount of short-term employee benefits expected to be paid in exchange for the services rendered by employees are recognized during the year when the employees render the service. These benefits include performance incentive and compensated absences which are expected to occur within twelve months after the end of the year in which the employee renders the related service. The cost of such compensated absences is accounted as under:

- (a) in case of accumulated compensated absences, when employees render the services that increase their entitlement of future compensated absences; and
- (b) in case of non-accumulating compensated absences, when the absences occur.

**iv. Employee Stock Option based compensation**

The Company accounts for stock options in accordance with the Guidance Note on 'Accounting for Employee Share Based Payments' issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. The Guidance Note also applies to grant of stock options of another enterprise in the same group as the Company, to the employees of the Company.

The Company calculates the compensation cost of the stock options as granted by its holding company based on the grant date fair value of such options, which is recognized as an employee expense, with a corresponding increase in capital reserve / payable to holding company, over the vesting period on a graded vesting basis. The amount recognized as an expense is adjusted to reflect the number of options for which the related service and non-market vesting conditions are expected to be met, such that the amount ultimately recognized as an expense is based on the number of options that meet the related service and non-market performance conditions at the vesting date.

**3.13 Provisions**

A provision is recognised if, as a result of a past event, the Company has a present obligation that can be estimated reliably, and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation. Provisions are recognised at the best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the Balance Sheet date. The provisions are measured on an undiscounted basis.

**3.14 Income tax**

Income tax comprises current and deferred tax. It is recognised in profit or loss except to the extent that it relates to a business combination or in an item recognised directly in equity or in other comprehensive income.

**i. Current tax**

Current tax comprises the expected tax payable or receivable on the taxable income or loss for the year and any adjustment to the tax payable or receivable in respect of previous years. The amount of current tax reflects the best estimate of the tax amount expected to be paid or received after considering the uncertainty, if any, related to income taxes. It is measured using tax rates (and tax laws) enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

Current tax assets and current tax liabilities are offset only if there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognized amounts, and it is intended to realise the asset and settle the liability on a net basis or simultaneously.

**ii. Deferred tax**

Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which they can be used. The existence of unused tax losses is strong evidence that future taxable profit may not be available. Therefore, in case of a history of recent losses, the Company recognises a deferred tax asset only to the extent that it has sufficient taxable temporary differences or there is convincing other evidence that sufficient taxable profit will be available against which such deferred tax asset can be realised. Deferred tax assets – unrecognised or recognised, are reviewed at each reporting date and are recognised/reduced to the extent that it is probable/no longer probable respectively that the related tax benefit will be realised.

Deferred tax is measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on the laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

The measurement of deferred tax reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the reporting date, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset if there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax liabilities and assets, and they relate to income taxes levied by the same tax authority on the same taxable entity, or on different tax entities, but they intend to settle current tax liabilities and assets on a net basis or their tax assets and liabilities will be realised simultaneously.



**Northern Arc Investment Managers Private Limited**  
**Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023**  
(All amounts are in Indian Rupees in lakhs unless stated otherwise)

**3.15 Borrowing cost**

Borrowing costs are interest and other costs incurred in connection with the borrowings of funds. Borrowing costs directly attributable to acquisition or construction of an asset which necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use are capitalized as part of the cost of the asset. Other borrowings costs are recognized as an expense in the statement of profit and loss account on an accrual basis using the effective interest method.

**3.16 Cash and cash equivalents**

Cash and cash equivalents comprises cash on hand and demand deposits with banks. Cash equivalents are short-term balances (with an original maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition), highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to insignificant risk of changes in value.

**3.17 Earnings per share**

The Company reports basic and diluted earnings per equity share in accordance with Ind AS 33, Earnings Per Share. Basic earnings per equity share is computed by dividing net profit / loss after tax attributable to the equity share holders for the year by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year. Diluted earnings per equity share is computed and disclosed by dividing the net profit/ loss after tax attributable to the equity share holders for the year after giving impact of dilutive potential equity shares for the year by the weighted average number of equity shares and dilutive potential equity shares outstanding during the year, except where the results are anti-dilutive.

**3.18 Cash flow statement**

Cash flows are reported using the indirect method, whereby profit after tax is adjusted for the effects of transactions of a non-cash nature and any deferrals or accruals of past or future cash receipts or payments. The cash flows from regular revenue generating, financing and investing activities of the Company are segregated. Cash flows in foreign currencies are accounted at the actual rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the transactions.



### 3.19 New and Amended Standards

The Company applied for the first-time certain standards and amendments, which are effective for annual periods beginning on or after April 1, 2022.

The Ministry of Corporate Affairs has notified Companies (Indian Accounting Standard) Amendment Rules 2022 dated March 23, 2022 which are effective from April 1, 2022.

These amendments do not have material effect on the Financial Statement of the Company.

### 3.20 Standard Issued But Not Yet Effective

#### (i) Definition of Accounting Estimates - Amendments to Ind AS 8

The amendments clarify the distinction between changes in accounting estimates and changes in accounting policies and the correction of errors. It has also been clarified how entities use measurement techniques and inputs to develop accounting estimates.

The amendments are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after April 1, 2023 and apply to changes in accounting policies and changes in accounting estimates that occur on or after the start of that period.

The amendments are not expected to have a material impact on the financial statements of the Company.

#### (ii) Disclosure of Accounting Policies - Amendments to Ind AS 1

The amendments aim to help entities provide accounting policy disclosures that are more useful by replacing the requirement for entities to disclose their 'significant' accounting policies with a requirement to disclose their 'material' accounting policies and adding guidance on how entities apply the concept of materiality in making decisions about accounting policy disclosures.

The amendments to Ind AS 1 are applicable for annual periods beginning on or after April 1, 2023. Consequential amendments have been made in Ind AS 107.

The Company is currently revisiting their accounting policy information disclosures to ensure consistency with the amended requirements.

#### (iii) Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction - Amendments to Ind AS 12

The amendments narrow the scope of the initial recognition exception under Ind AS 12, so that it no longer applies to transactions that give rise to equal taxable and deductible temporary differences.

The amendments should be applied to transactions that occur on or after the beginning of the earliest comparative period presented. In addition, at the beginning of the earliest comparative period presented, a deferred tax asset (provided that sufficient taxable profit is available) and a deferred tax liability should also be recognised for all deductible and taxable temporary differences associated with leases and decommissioning obligations. Consequential amendments have been made in Ind AS 101. The amendments to Ind AS 12 are applicable for annual periods beginning on or after 1 April 2023.

The Company is currently assessing the impact of the amendments.



**Northern Arc Investment Managers Private Limited**

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees in lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

**4 Property, plant and equipment**

	Computer and accessories	Office equipments	Total
<b>Cost or deemed cost</b>			
Balance as at March 31, 2021	9.44	0.80	10.24
Additions	10.53	-	10.53
Disposals	-	-	-
<b>Balance as at March 31, 2022</b>	<b>19.97</b>	<b>0.80</b>	<b>20.77</b>
Balance as at March 31, 2022	19.97	0.80	20.77
Additions	-	-	-
Disposals	-	-	-
<b>Balance as at March 31, 2023</b>	<b>19.97</b>	<b>0.80</b>	<b>20.77</b>
<b>Depreciation</b>			
Balance as at March 31, 2021	9.42	0.80	10.22
Depreciation/amortisation for the year	5.19	-	5.19
Accumulated depreciation/amortisation on disposals	-	-	-
<b>Balance as at March 31, 2022</b>	<b>14.61</b>	<b>0.80</b>	<b>15.41</b>
Balance as at March 31, 2022	14.61	0.80	15.41
Depreciation/amortisation for the year	5.24	-	5.24
Accumulated depreciation/amortisation on disposals	-	-	-
<b>Balance as at March 31, 2023</b>	<b>19.85</b>	<b>0.80</b>	<b>20.65</b>
<b>Net block</b>			
As at March 31, 2022	5.35	-	5.35
As at March 31, 2023	0.12	-	0.12

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**Northern Arc Investment Managers Private Limited**

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees in lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

**5 Investments**

	Non-Current		Current	
	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
<b>Alternative Investment Funds - Measured at fair value through profit and loss</b>				
IFMR FimImpact Long Term Multi Asset Class Fund Nil (March 31, 2022: 936.63) units of INR 100,000 each	-	-	-	555.97
IFMR FimImpact Long Term Credit Fund 500.00 (March 31, 2022: 500.00) units of INR 100,000 each	510.79	516.12	34.96	27.38
IFMR FimImpact Medium Term Opportunities Fund Nil (March 31, 2022: 500.00) units of INR 100,000 each	-	-	-	566.52
IFMR FimImpact Income Builder Fund Nil (March 31, 2022: 493.80) units of INR 100,000 each	-	-	-	645.78
Northern Arc Money Market Alpha Fund 12,37,651.19 (March 31, 2022: 11,67,375.60) units of INR 100 each	1,254.04	1,196.03	-	-
Northern Arc India Impact Fund 478.96 (March 31, 2022: 478.96) units of INR 100,000 each	512.54	504.58	37.50	17.45
Northern Arc Income Builder Fund (Series II)-Class A 456.42 (March 31, 2022: 456.42) units of INR 100,000 each	583.05	547.50	142.55	51.69
Northern Arc Emerging Corporate Bond Fund 245.58 (March 31, 2022: NIL) units of INR 100,000 each	245.25	-	5.73	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>3,115.67</b>	<b>2,764.23</b>	<b>219.84</b>	<b>1,874.80</b>
Aggregate amount of quoted investments	-	-	-	-
Aggregate amount of unquoted investments	3,115.67	4,339.84	219.84	118.04
Aggregate amount of impairment value of investments	-	-	-	-



**Northern Arc Investment Managers Private Limited**  
**Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023**  
 (All amounts are in Indian Rupees in lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
<b>6. Current tax assets (net)</b>		
Advance Income tax/(net of provision for tax)	463.80	92.48
	<b>463.80</b>	<b>92.48</b>
<b>7. Other financial assets</b>		
<b>Unsecured, considered good (current)</b>		
Other receivables	523.39	230.19
Security deposits	7.26	4.00
	<b>530.65</b>	<b>234.19</b>

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**Northern Arc Investment Managers Private Limited**  
**Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023**  
(₹.00 amounts are in India Rupees in lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
<b>8 Trade receivables (current)</b>		
Unsettled, considered good		
Receivables from related parties	901.61	92.24
Less: allowance for bad and doubtful debts	<sup>1</sup>	<sup>1</sup>
	901.61	92.24

**Trade receivables Ageing Schedule**  
As at March 31, 2023

Particulars	Current but not due	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment					Total
		Less than 6 Months	6 months – 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
Unadjusted Trade Receivables - considered good	*	901.61	*	*	*	*	901.61

**Trade receivables Ageing Schedule**  
As at March 31, 2022

Particulars	Current but not due	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment					Total
		Less than 6 Months	6 months – 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
Unadjusted Trade Receivables - considered good	*	92.24	*	*	*	*	92.24

a) No trade or other receivable are due from directors or other officers of the company either separately or jointly with any other person. Nor any trade or other receivable are due from firms or private companies respectively in which any director is a partner, a director or a member.

b) There are no unbilled receivables, hence the same is not disclosed in the ageing schedule.

*This statement is internally self-balanced.*



**Northern Arc Investment Managers Private Limited**  
**Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023**  
{All amounts are in Indian Rupees in lakhs, unless otherwise stated}

	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022	
<b>9 Cash and cash equivalents</b>			
Balance with banks			
- in current accounts	30.80	122.99	
	<b>30.80</b>	<b>122.99</b>	
<b>10 Other Current Assets</b>			
Prepaid expenses	575.48	686.43	
Balances with government authorities	126.03	86.25	
Advance to supplier	-	-	
	<b>711.51</b>	<b>772.68</b>	
<b>11 Share capital</b>			
<b>Authorised</b>			
500,000 (March 31, 2022: 500,000) equity shares of INR 100/- each with voting rights	500.00	500.00	
1,500,000 (March 31, 2022: 1,500,000) Redeemable preference Shares of INR 100 each	1,500.00	1,500.00	
	<b>2,000.00</b>	<b>2,000.00</b>	
<b>Issued, subscribed and paid up</b>			
361,000 (March 31, 2022: 361,000) Equity shares of INR 100/- each with voting rights	361.00	361.00	
	<b>361.00</b>	<b>361.00</b>	
<b>a) Reconciliation of the shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the reporting year</b>			
	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022	
	No. of shares	Amount	No. of shares
<b>Equity shares</b>			
At the commencement of the year	3,61,000	361.00	3,61,000
Add: Shares issued during the year	-	-	-
Less: Shares cancelled during the year	-	-	-
<b>At the end of the year</b>	<b>3,61,000</b>	<b>361.00</b>	<b>3,61,000</b>
	<b>361.00</b>	<b>361.00</b>	<b>361.00</b>
<b>b) Rights, preferences and restrictions attached to each class of shares</b>			
<b>i) Equity shares</b>			
The Company has only one class of Equity Shares having par value of INR 100 per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Company. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.			



**Northern Arc Investment Managers Private Limited**  
**Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023**  
 (All amounts are in Indian Rupees in lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

c) Shares held by holding/ ultimate holding company and /or their subsidiaries / associates:

	As at March 31, 2023		As at March 31, 2022	
	No. of shares	% held	No. of shares	% held
<b>Equity shares:</b>				
Northern Arc Capital Limited including its nominee share holders	3,61,000	100%	3,61,000	100%

d) Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the Company

	As at March 31, 2023		As at March 31, 2022	
	No. of shares	% held	No. of shares	% held
<b>Equity shares:</b>				
Northern Arc Capital Limited including its nominee share holders	3,61,000	100%	3,61,000	100%

e) Details of shares held by promoters

As at 31 March 2023	No. of shares at the beginning of the year	Change during the year	No. of shares at the end of the year	% of Total Shares
Northern Arc Capital Limited	3,61,000	-	3,61,000	100%

As at 31 March 2022	No. of shares at the beginning of the year	Change during the year	No. of shares at the end of the year	% of Total Shares
Northern Arc Capital Limited	3,61,000	-	3,61,000	100%

12 Other equity As at  
March 31, 2023      As at  
March 31, 2022

a) Retained earnings			
At the commencement of the year		2,673.76	1,800.22
Add: Profit for the year		912.84	890.81
Add: Transfer from other comprehensive income		(10.97)	(17.26)
<b>At the end of the year</b>		<b>3,575.63</b>	<b>2,673.76</b>

b) Capital Redemption Reserve			
At the commencement of the year		722.00	722.00
Add: Additions for the year		-	-
<b>At the end of the year</b>		<b>722.00</b>	<b>722.00</b>

c) Capital reserve - Employee stock options outstanding account			
At the commencement of the year		-	65.00
Add: Employee compensation expense during the year		-	-
Add: Employee stock compensation expense during the year		8.69	25.13
Less: Transfer of employee stock option reserve		(8.69)	(25.13)
Less: Adjustments*		-	(65.00)
<b>At the end of the year</b>		<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>

\*These relate to cost relating to ESOP of holding company to the employees of the Company relating to earlier periods, that will be reimbursed by the Company are utilised from the ESOP reserve during the FY 2021-22.



**Northern Arc Investment Managers Private Limited**  
**Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023**  
 (All amounts are in Indian Rupees in lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

**c) Other comprehensive income**

	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
At the commencement of the year	-	-
Remeasurements of defined benefit asset/(liability) (refer note (iii) below)	(19.97)	(17.26)
Less: Transfer to Retained earnings	10.97	17.26
<b>Closing balance</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>Total (a+b+c)</b>	<b>4,297.63</b>	<b>3,395.76</b>

**Nature and purpose of reserve**

**(i) Retained earnings**

Surplus in the statement of profit and loss is the accumulated available profit of the Company carried forward from earlier years. These reserves are free reserves which can be utilised for any purpose as may be required.

**(ii) Capital Redemption Reserve**

The capital redemption reserve was created on account of the redemption of the redeemable preference shares.

**(iii) Capital Reserve - Employee stock option outstanding**

The Company has established various equity settled share based payment plans for certain categories of employees of the Company.

**(iv) Other comprehensive income**

Remeasurement of the net defined benefit liabilities comprise actuarial gain or loss, return on plan assets excluding interest and the effect of asset ceiling, if any.

**13 Borrowings**

**Measured at amortised cost:**

	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
<b>Non-current, Unsecured</b>		
Term Loans		
- from banks		
- from holding company	1,225.95	
	<b>1,225.95</b>	
<b>Current, Unsecured</b>		
Term Loans		
- Loans from holding company (refer note 31)		
- Structured Cash credit from holding company	169.43	163.93
	<b>169.43</b>	<b>163.93</b>

**13.1 Details regarding terms of borrowings (from Holding Company)-Unsecured**

Particulars	Terms of Redemption	Interest rate	Interest
Term Loan-8	5 years	14.00%	11.84
Term Loan-9	4.5 years	13.00%	12.92
Term Loan-10	6 years	13.00%	17.45
Term Loan-11	3 months	13.50%	1.65
Structured Cash Credit	N.A.	13.50%	45.19

**13.2 Interest Rate is fixed and interest payable on quarterly basis.**

**13.3 During the year the company has not defaulted in the repayment of dues to Holding Company.**



**Northern Arc Investment Managers Private Limited**  
**Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023**  
(All amounts are in Indian Rupees in lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

**14. Provisions**

**Non-Current**

Provision for employee benefits:

- Gratuity	93.77	40.23
- Compensated absences	42.95	27.53
	<b>136.72</b>	<b>67.76</b>

**Current**

Provision for employee benefits:

- Gratuity	17.73	6.43
- Compensated absences	9.93	5.51
Provision towards Corporate Social Responsibility Liability	-	1.68
	<b>27.66</b>	<b>13.61</b>

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Northern Arc Investment Managers Private Limited  
 Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023  
 (All amounts are in Indian Rupees in lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
<b>15 Trade payables*</b>		
Trade payables (undisputed)		
-Total outstanding dues to micro enterprises and small enterprises		-
-Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	384.44	186.57
	<b>384.44</b>	<b>186.57</b>

\*There are no disputed trade payables to MSME or others.

**Trade payables Ageing Schedule**

**As at March 31, 2023**

Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment					Total
	Current but not due	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
-Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises		384.44	-	-	-	384.44

**As at March 31, 2022**

Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment					Total
	Current but not due	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
-Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises		186.57	-	-	-	186.57

- a) There are no unbilled' and 'Not due' trade payables, hence the same are not disclosed in the ageing schedule.
- b) There are no undisputed trade payables to MSME or others.
- c) There are no overdue amounts payable to MSME as defined under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprise Development Act 2006 during the current and previous year.  
 Further, the company has not paid any interest to any MSME vendor during the current year.

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**Northern Arc Investment Managers Private Limited**  
**Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023**  
 (All amounts are in Indian Rupees in lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
<b>16 Other financial liabilities (current)</b>		
Employee benefits payable	279.76	200.00
Payable to related parties (also refer note 31)	167.82	159.13
	<b>447.58</b>	<b>359.13</b>
<b>17 Other current liabilities</b>		
Statutory dues payable	129.52	112.99
	<b>129.52</b>	<b>112.99</b>

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Northern Arc Investment Managers Private Limited  
 Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023  
 (All amounts are in Indian Rupees in lakh, unless otherwise stated)

	Year ended March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31, 2022
<b>18 Revenue from operations</b>		
Revenue from contract with customers		
Fee income (refer note 31)	2,900.92	2,318.93
Income from investment in Alternative Investment Fund	374.37	625.31
Fund operating fee	359.30	144.63
<b>Total</b>	<b>4,034.79</b>	<b>3,088.87</b>
Revenue from customers		
- That are recognised over a certain period of time		
- That are recognised at a point of time	4,034.79	3,088.87
Geographical Market		
- In India	4,034.79	3,088.87
- Outside India		
<b>19 Other income</b>		
Interest on income tax refund	3.67	-
	<b>3.67</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>20 Employee benefits expense</b>		
Salaries, wages and bonus	921.36	665.93
Contribution to provident and other funds (refer note 28.1)	49.56	27.74
Share based payments to employees (refer note 29)	8.69	15.13
Gratuity expense (refer note 28.2)	4.28	5.95
Staff welfare expenses	13.31	5.82
<b>Total</b>	<b>956.90</b>	<b>728.55</b>
<b>21 Finance Cost (refer note 31)</b>		
Interest expenses on		
- Term loan	43.86	195.63
- Cash credit	43.19	18.14
<b>Total</b>	<b>89.05</b>	<b>213.77</b>
<b>22 Depreciation and amortisation expense</b>		
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment (refer note 41)	5.24	5.19
<b>Total</b>	<b>5.24</b>	<b>5.19</b>

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Northern Arc Investment Managers Private Limited  
 Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2022  
 (All amounts are in Indian Rupees in lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

	Year ended March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31, 2022
<b>23 Other expenses</b>		
Distribution fee expense	527.24	218.08
Legal and professional charges	726.72	419.77
Less: Reimbursement of expense (Refer note 23.1)	<u>249.91</u>	<u>187.00</u>
Loss on sale of investment	-	127.15
Rent	76.04	50.19
Corporate social responsibility	17.78	12.68
Traveling and conveyance	39.17	10.77
Net Loss on fair value changes	(21.37)	58.76
Director sitting fee	22.63	13.52
Communication expenses	2.79	1.66
Repairs and maintenance	16.48	5.72
Rates and taxes	2.44	0.11
Subscription charges	72.76	40.41
Auditors' remuneration (refer note 23.3 below)	4.02	4.02
Bank Charges	1.22	1.31
Operating expenses of Funds (refer to note 23.2)	409.49	51.11
Miscellaneous expenses	6.14	34.51
<b>Total</b>	<b><u>1,790.35</u></b>	<b><u>942.75</u></b>
<b>23.1 Represents Legal and professional expense incurred on behalf of the following funds and reimbursed to the Company:</b>		
Northern Arc Capital Limited	204.72	152.75
IFMR FImpact Long Term Multi Asset Class Fund	11.36	3.25
IFMR FImpact Long Term Credit Fund	7.72	1.81
IFMR FImpact Medium Term Opportunities Fund	11.60	27.38
IFMR FImpact Income Builder Fund	8.27	1.82
IFMR FImpact Medium Term Microfinance Fund	6.19	-
	<b><u>249.91</u></b>	<b><u>187.00</u></b>
<b>23.2 Operating expenses of Funds includes:</b>		
Legal and Professional charges	396.61	41.75
Audit Fee	12.89	9.36
	<b><u>409.49</u></b>	<b><u>51.11</u></b>
<b>23.3 Payments to auditor (excluding goods and services tax)</b>		
Statutory audit	3.50	3.50
Tax audit	0.50	0.50
Reimbursement of expenses	0.02	0.02
	<b><u>4.02</u></b>	<b><u>4.02</u></b>
<b>23.4 Corporate social responsibility ("CSR") expenditure</b>		
(a) Gross amount required to be spent by the Company during the year	15.80	12.68
(b) Amount approved by the board to be spent during the year	15.80	12.68
(c) Amount spent during the year (in cash)		
(i) Construction/ acquisition of any asset	-	-
(ii) On purposes other than (i) above	19.30	11.00
(d) Contributions to Northern Arc Foundation (wholly	19.30	11.00
Details of other than ongoing project		
(e) Carry forward balances of CSR pre-spent*		
Opening balance - pre-spent / (shortfalls)	(3.27)	(1.59)
Amount required to be spent during the year	(15.80)	(12.68)
Amount spent during the year	19.30	11.00
Closing balance - pre-spent / (shortfalls)**	0.23	(3.27)

\* Contribution to Northern Arc Foundation has been spent on educational activities.

\* The company has not spent any amount on ongoing projects. Accordingly, no disclosures are made in this regard.

\*\* Excess contribution to CSR activities in a particular year cannot be carried forward to subsequent years.



**Northern Arc Investment Managers Private Limited**

**Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2022**

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees in lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

	Year ended March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31, 2022
<b>24. Income tax</b>		
<b>A The components of income tax expense for the years ended March 31, 2023 and 2022 are:</b>		
Current tax	320.43	327.45
Deferred tax charge/ (credit)	(48.54)	(19.56)
<b>Tax expense:</b>	<b>271.89</b>	<b>307.79</b>

**B Reconciliation of the total tax charge**

The tax charge shown in the statement of profit and loss differs from the tax charge that would apply if all profits had been charged at India corporate tax rate. A reconciliation between the tax expense and the accounting profit multiplied by India's domestic tax rate for the years ended :-

	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Profit before tax	1,156.91	1,198.60
Applicable tax rate	25.17%	25.17%
<b>Computed expected tax expense</b>	<b>291.17</b>	<b>301.66</b>
Permanent differences	(19.32)	6.13
Change in tax rate	0	-
<b>Tax expenses recognised in the statement of profit and loss</b>	<b>271.89</b>	<b>307.79</b>
Effective tax rate	23.50%	25.68%

**Note:** The Company has elected to exercise the option permitted under section 115BAA of the Income tax Act, 1961, as introduced by the Taxation Laws (Amendment) Act, 2019. Accordingly, the Company has recognised provision for income tax and remeasured its net deferred tax asset at lower tax rate for the year ended March 31, 2023.

**C Deferred tax**

The following table shows deferred tax recorded in the balance sheet and changes recorded in the income tax expense:

<b>Component of Deferred tax asset / (liability)</b>	As at March 31, 2022	Statement of profit and loss	Other comprehensive income	As at March 31, 2023
<b>Deferred tax asset / (liability) in relation to:</b>				
Property, plant and equipment	0.96	0.41	-	1.37
Provision for employee benefits	20.05	17.62	3.70	41.37
Impact of fair value of assets	(93.27)	30.51	-	(62.76)
<b>Total</b>	<b>(72.26)</b>	<b>48.54</b>	<b>3.70</b>	<b>(20.02)</b>

<b>Component of Deferred tax asset / (liability)</b>	As at March 31, 2021	Statement of profit and loss	Other comprehensive income	As at March 31, 2022
<b>Deferred tax asset / (liability) in relation to:</b>				
Property, plant and equipment	0.49	0.47	-	0.96
Provision for employee benefits	9.89	4.36	5.80	20.05
Impact of fair value of assets	(108.10)	14.83	-	(93.27)
<b>Total</b>	<b>(97.72)</b>	<b>19.66</b>	<b>5.80</b>	<b>(72.26)</b>

*This space is intentionally left blank*



## 25 Financial instruments

### A Fair value measurement

#### *Valuation principles*

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction in the principal (or most advantageous) market at the measurement date under current market conditions i.e., market price. This is regardless of whether this price is directly observable or estimated using a valuation technique.

#### *Financial instruments by category*

The carrying value and fair value of financial instruments measured at fair value as of March 31, 2023 and March 31, 2022 are as follows:

Particulars	Note	Carrying amount		Fair value	
		Mar-23	Mar-22	Mar-23	Mar-22
Investments					
- Alternative Investment Funds *	5	3,355.54	4,679.93	-	-

\* Fair value for investment in Alternative Investment Funds are under Level 3 Category.

#### *Sensitivity analysis – increase/ decrease of 100 basis points on yield*

Particulars	As at March 31, 2023		As at March 31, 2022	
	Increase	Decrease	Increase	Decrease
Investments				
- Alternative Investment Funds	29.88	29.88	46.17	46.17

The carrying value and fair value of other financial instruments by categories as of March 31, 2023 and March 31, 2022 as follows:

Particulars	Carrying value		Fair value	
	Mar-23	Mar-22	Mar-23	Mar-22
<b>Financial assets not measured at fair value:</b>				
Trade receivables *	905.61	92.74	901.61	92.24
Cash and cash equivalents*	30.80	122.99	30.80	122.99
Other Financial assets *	530.93	134.19	530.65	134.19
<b>Financial liabilities not measured at fair value:</b>				
Borrowings *	169.43	1,389.88	169.43	1,389.88
Trade payables*	284.44	186.57	284.44	186.57
Other financial liabilities*	427.50	359.12	427.50	359.12

\* The management assessed that cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables, other financial assets, borrowings, trade payables and other financial liabilities approximate their carrying amounts largely due to the short-term maturities of these instruments.

### B Measurement of fair values

#### *Valuation methodologies of financial instruments not measured at fair value*

Below are the methodologies and assumptions used to determine fair values for the above financial instruments which are not recorded and measured at fair value in the financial statements. These fair values were calculated for disclosure purposes only.

#### *Financial assets and liabilities*

For financial assets and financial liabilities that have a short-term maturity (less than twelve months), the carrying amounts, which are net of impairment, are a reasonably appropriate of their fair value. Such instruments include: cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables, other financial assets, trade payables and other financial liabilities without a specific maturity.

#### *Borrowings and other financial liabilities*

The borrowings and other financial liabilities are primarily fixed rate instruments. The interest rates approximate the current market rates for similar instruments with similar terms. Accordingly, the fair value has been deemed to be equal to the carrying amount.

#### *Transfers between levels I, II and III*

There has been no transfer in between level I, level II and level III.

### C Capital management

The Company's policy is to maintain a strong capital base so as to minimize investors' credit risk and market volatility and to sustain future development of the business. Management monitors the return on capital, as well as the level of dividends to equity shareholders.

The board of directors seeks to maintain a balance between the higher returns that might be possible with higher levels of borrowing and the advantages and security afforded by a sound capital position.



The Company's Gearing Ratio is as follows:

	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Total Borrowings	169.43	1,389.88
Less: cash and cash equivalents	(30.80)	(122.69)
<b>Adjusted net debt</b>	<b>138.63</b>	<b>1,266.89</b>
Total equity	4,655.67	3,756.76
<b>Gearing Ratio</b>	<b>0.03</b>	<b>0.34</b>

#### 16. Financial risk management objectives and policies

The main purpose of financial liabilities is to finance the Company's operations and to support its operations. The Company's financial assets primarily includes investments, trade receivables, cash and cash equivalents and other financial assets that derive directly from its operations.

The Company is exposed to credit risk, liquidity risk and market risk. The Company's board of directors has an overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Company's risk management framework.

The Company's risk management policies are established to identify and analyse the risks faced by the Company, to set appropriate risk limits and controls and to monitor risks and adherence to limits. Risk management policies and systems are reviewed regularly to reflect changes in market conditions and the Company's activities.

##### (i) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Company if a customer or counter-party to financial instruments fails to meet its contractual obligations and arises principally from the Company's receivables from customers and others.

The carrying amounts of financial assets represent the maximum credit risk exposure.

##### A. Receivables

The Company's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by the individual characteristics of each customer. However, management also considers factors that may influence the credit risk of its customer base, including the default risk associated with the industry.

The Company's exposure to credit risk for receivables by type of counterparty is as follows: All these exposures are with in India.

Particulars	Carrying Amount	
	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Management fee receivable	90.61	92.24
Less : Impairment loss allowance	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>90.61</b>	<b>92.24</b>

An impairment analysis is performed at each reporting date based on the facts and circumstances existing on that date to identify expected losses on account of time value of money and credit risk. For the purposes of this analysis, the receivables are categorised into groups based on days past due and the type of risk exposures. Each group is then assessed for impairment using the Expected Credit Loss (ECL) model as per the provisions of Ind AS 198 - financial instruments.



B. Investments

Investments primarily represent investments in alternative investment funds which are fair valued through profit and loss and hence no impairment loss allowance is made in accordance with Ind AS 109.

C. Cash and cash equivalents

Credit risk on cash and cash equivalent is limited as the Company does not have any dealings with banks.

(ii) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting its obligations associated with its financial liabilities. The Company's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure that it will have sufficient funds to meet its liabilities when due.

The Company is monitoring its liquidity risk by examining the future inflows and outflows during the course of the year and planned accordingly the funding requirement. The Company manages its liquidity by utilising cash credit facility and term loans.

The composition of the Company's liability mix ensures healthy asset liability maturity pattern and well diverse resource mix.

The table below summarises the maturity profile of the Company's other derivative financial liabilities based on contractual undiscounted payments along with its carrying value as at the balance sheet date:

Promises	Up to 1 year	Over 1 year to 3 years	Over 3 years to 5 years	Over 5 years
As at March 31, 2023:				
Borrowings	169.43	-	-	-
As at March 31, 2022:				
Borrowings	163.93	1,225.95	-	-

(iii) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk includes interest rate risk and foreign currency risk. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimising the return.

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Company does not have any variable rate financial instruments and thus has no exposure to the risk of changes in market interest rates.



27	<b>Contingent Liabilities and capital commitments (to the extent not provided for)</b>		As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
	Claims against the Company not acknowledged as debt			
	- Income tax related matters		12.47	12.47
28	<b>Employee Benefits</b>			
28.1	<b>Defined Contribution Plan</b>			
	The Company makes Provident Fund contributions to State administered fund for qualifying employees. The Company is required to contribute a specified percentage of the payroll costs to the fund. The Company recognised INR 43.40 lakhs (March 31, 2022 - INR 39 lakhs) towards Provident Fund contributions in the Statement of Profit and Loss. The contribution, payable to the fund by the Company, is at rates specified in the rules of the scheme.			
28.2	<b>Defined Benefit Plans</b>			
	The Company's primary benefit scheme is a defined plan. The Company's net obligation in respect of a defined benefit plan is calculated by estimating the amount of future benefit that employees have earned in return for their services in the current and prior periods, that benefit is discounted to determine its present value. Any unrecognised past services and the fair value of any plan assets are deducted. The calculation of the Company's obligation under the plan is performed annually by a qualified actuary using the projected unit credit method.			
	<b>Details of actuarial valuation of gratuity pursuant to the Ind AS 12:</b>			
A.	<b>Change in present value of:</b>		March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
	Present value of obligations at the beginning of the year:		49.66	17.65
	Current service cost:		10.64	5.03
	Interest cost:		3.92	0.91
	Past service cost:		-	-
	Benefits settled:		-	-
	Actuarial gain/ loss:		31.18	23.07
	Present value of obligations at the end of the year:		<b>111.50</b>	<b>46.66</b>
B.	<b>Change in plan assets:</b>			
	Fair value of plan assets at the beginning of the year:		-	-
	Expected return on plan assets:		-	-
	Actuarial gain/ loss:		-	-
	Employer contributions:		-	-
	Benefits settled:		-	-
	Fair value of plan assets at the end of the year:			
C.	<b>Actual Return on plan assets:</b>			
	Expended return on plan assets:		-	-
	Actuarial gain/ loss on plan assets:		-	-
	Actual return on plan assets:		-	-
D.	<b>Reconciliation of present value of the obligation and the fair value of the plan assets:</b>			
	Change in projected benefit obligation:			
	Present value of obligations at the end of the year:		<b>111.50</b>	<b>46.66</b>
	Fair value of plan assets:		-	-
	Net liability recognised in balance sheet:		<b>111.50</b>	<b>46.66</b>
	The liability in respect of the gratuity plan comprises of the following non-current and current portions:			
	Current:		17.75	9.43
	Non-current:		93.75	36.23
			<b>111.50</b>	<b>46.66</b>
E.		Year ended March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31, 2022	
E. Expense recognised in statement of profit and loss and other comprehensive income:				
	Current service cost:		10.64	5.03
	Interest on obligation:		3.02	0.91
	Past service cost:		-	-
	Expected return on plan assets:		-	-
	Net annual (gain) loss recognised in the year:		7.22	21.07
	Total included in 'employee benefits' in statement of profit and loss and other comprehensive income:		<b>18.64</b>	<b>29.00</b>
	Expense recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss:		14.26	5.59
	Expense recognised in Other Comprehensive Income:		14.06	23.47
			<b>18.34</b>	<b>29.00</b>
F.	<b>Add: Transfer from Holding Company (on account of employee transfer)</b>		43.00	-
	<b>Total included in 'employee benefits'</b>		<b>44.34</b>	<b>29.00</b>



## 28 Employee benefits (continued)

	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
<b>F. Assumptions at balance sheet</b>		
Discount rate	7.15%	6.48%
Salary escalation	9.00%	8.00%
Mortality rate		
India Assum. Lives		
(708544)	(691240)	
Attribution rate	15.00%	15.38%

**Notes**

- (a) The estimates in future salary increases, considered in actuarial valuations, takes account of inflation, seniority promotion and other relevant factors, such as supply and demand in the employee market.
- (b) Discount rate is based on the prevailing market yields of Indian Government Bonds as on the balance sheet date for the estimated term of the obligation.

**G. Sensitivity analysis**

Hypothetically possible changes at the reporting date to one of the relevant actuarial assumptions, holding other assumptions constant, would have affected the defined benefit obligation by the amounts shown below:

	Year ended March 31, 2023		Year ended March 31, 2022	
	Increase	Decrease	Increase	Decrease
Discount rate (1% movement)	(10.80)	116.54	41.00	49.63
Future salary growth (1% movement)	118.05	196.13	49.78	42.51
Attribution Rate (1% movement)	111.15	118.56	46.22	47.11

## 29 Employee stock option plan (ESOP)

Employee Stock Option Plan 2016 (ESOP) has been approved by the Board of holding company at its meeting held on May 1, 2016 and by the members in the Extra Ordinary General Meeting held on October 7, 2016. ESOP Stock Options Plan 2016 (ESOP) has been approved by the members in the Extra Ordinary General Meeting held on July 25, 2018.

**Northern Arc Capital Employee Stock Option Plan 2016 – ("Scheme 1")** formerly IFMR Capital Employee Stock Option Plan 2016 – ("Scheme 1"). The Northern Arc Capital Employee Stock Option Plan 2016 is applicable to all employees of the company and its subsidiaries.

The options were issued on 1 March 2017, with an exercise price of INR 10. The options vest over a period of 4 years in 40:20:20:20 proportion.

**Northern Arc Capital Employee Stock Option Plan 2016 – ("Scheme 2")** formerly IFMR Capital Employee Stock Option Plan 2016 – ("Plan" or "ESOP") ("Scheme 2")

The Northern Arc Capital Employee Stock Option Plan 2016 is applicable to all employees.

The options were issued in four batches. The first and second batch was issued at an exercise price of INR 110; third and fourth batch issued with an exercise price of INR 121. The options are vested equally over a period of 5 years.

**Northern Arc Capital Employee Stock Option Plan 2018 – ("Plan" or "ESOP") ("Scheme 3")**

The Northern Arc Capital Employee Stock Option Plan 2018 is applicable to all employees.

The options were issued in two batches. The first and second batch was issued at an exercise price of INR 110. The options are vested over a period of 3 years in 30:30:40 proportion.



**Northern Arc Investment Managers Private Limited**

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2022  
(All amounts in Indian Rupees in Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

**Options outstanding under Scheme 1, Scheme 2 and Scheme 3**

Plan	As at March 31, 2021			As at March 31, 2022		
	Scheme 1	Scheme 2	Scheme 3	Scheme 1	Scheme 2	Scheme 3
Grant date	Various	Various	Various	Various	Various	Various
Number of options	24,000	2,74,000	1,06,316	30,000	1,25,000	1,17,720
Exercise price in INR	10	110 to 275	101 to 275	10	110 to 161	131
Vesting period	1 to 2 years	1 to 2 years	1 to 3 years	1 to 2 years	1 to 3 years	1 to 3 years
Option Price	13.48	19.28-49.19	65.37-91.51	11.95	33.91-49.59	65.73-91.51
Weighted average exercise price in INR	0	182.64	210.51	0	322.04	286.10
Weighted average remaining contractual life (in years)	-	-	0.35	-	1.71	0.71
Vesting condition	-	-	-	Time based vesting	-	-

**Reconciliation of outstanding options**

The details of options granted under the above schemes are as follows:

**Particulars**

	Number of options	
	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2022
Outstanding at beginning of year	3,56,518	3,56,518
Forfeited during the year	2,900	-
Exercised during the year	-	-
Granted during the year	-	94,000
Outstanding as at end of year	3,56,518	3,56,518
Vested and exercisable as at end of year	-	-

**Fair value methodology**

The fair value of options have been estimated on the dates of each grant using the Black-Scholes model. The shares of Holding Company are not listed on any stock exchange. Accordingly, the Holding Company had considered the volatility of the stock price based on historical volatility of similar listed entities. The various inputs considered in the pricing model for the stock options granted by the Company during the year are as follows:

	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
Dividend yield	0%	-
Historical Volatility Estimate	40.34%	48.12%
Risk-free interest rate	5.60%	5.61%
Expected life of the option (in years)	4.31	3.15

**30. Segment reporting:**

**Operating segments**

The Company's operations predominantly relate to managing Alternative investment funds. The information relating to the operating segment is reviewed regularly by the Company's Board of Directors / Chief Operating Decision Makers to make decisions about resources to be allocated and to assess its performance. The CODM considers the entire business of the Company on a holistic basis to make operating decisions and thus there are no segregated operating segments. The CODM of the Company reviews the operating results of the Company as a whole and therefore no more than one reportable segment is required to be disclosed by the Company as envisaged by Ind AS 101 Operating Segments.

The company does not have any separate geographic segments other than India. As such there are no important reportable segments as per Ind AS 101 Operating Segments.

**31. Related party disclosures:**

Related party relationship and transactions are as identified by the management.

Related party relationships and transactions are as identified by the management.

**Holding Company :**

Northern Arc Capital Limited

**Follow Subsidiaries :**

Northern Arc Investment Advisory Services Private Limited  
Northern Arc Securities Private Limited  
Pragati Finance Limited  
Northern Arc Foundation  
Northern Arc Capital Employees Welfare Trust

**Managed Funds:**

IFMR Impact Long Term Multi Asset Class Fund  
IFMR Impact Long Term Credit Fund  
IFMR Impact Medium Term Opportunities Fund  
IFMR Impact Income Builder Fund  
Northern Arc Money Market Alpine Fund  
Northern Arc India Impact Fund  
Northern Arc Income Builder Fund (Series II)  
Northern Arc Emerging Countries Bond Fund

**Key management personnel:**

Kishore Permaran, Executive and independent Chairman  
Aashu Mehra, Non-executive Director  
Chaitanya Panigrahi, Non-executive Director  
Theodore Decker, Non-executive Director  
Nicholas Anthony Moon, Non-executive Director  
Kavi Vithaldia, Chief Executive Officer  
Kavannanand C, Chief Financial Officer<sup>4</sup>

\* Remuneration is paid by the holding company to the Chief Financial Officer



**34 Related party disclosures (continued)**

**A Transactions with related parties during the years:**

Related Party	Description	Year ended March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31, 2022
Northern Arc Capital Limited	Interest expense Fee Expenses Reimbursement of Legal and professional charges Fund operating fee Purchase of Fixed Assets Loans taken Investment	19.07 20.07 304.72 204.72 - 2,311.13 3,771.57	2,13.77 129.27 152.75 152.75 16.53 7,570.48 8,332.00
Northern Arc Foundation	Corporate social responsibility ("CSR") expenditure	10.20	11.00
IFMR Impact Long Term Multi Asset Class Fund	Fee Income Income from investment in AIF Reimbursement of Legal and professional charges Fund operating fee	122.69 14.06 11.36 11.36	342.34 89.28 12.25 12.25
IFMR Impact Medium Term Maturities Fund	Reimbursement of Legal and professional charges Fund operating fee	6.19 6.19	- -
IFMR Impact Long Term Credit Fund	Fee Income Income from investment in AIF Reimbursement of Legal and professional charges	285.14 80.91 7.72	285.14 81.55 7.81
IFMR Impact Medium Term Opportunities Fund	Fee Income Income from investment in AIF Reimbursement of Legal and professional charges Fund operating fee	382.21 98.60 11.54 11.54	378.44 95.79 27.38 27.38
IFMR Impact Income Builder Fund	Fee Income Income from investment in AIF Reimbursement of Legal and professional charges Fund operating fee	99.71 95.79 3.27 3.27	229.42 171.33 1.82 1.82
Northern Arc Money Market Alpha Fund	Investment in Class B units Fee Income Income from investment in AIF Fund operating fee	70.28 677.40 114.03 106.92	65.08 396.22 100.05 67.57
Northern Arc Income Builder Fund (Series II)	Investment in Class A units Investment in Class B units Sale of investments - Class B units Fee Income Income from investment in AIF Loss on sale of investment Fund operating fee	- - - 525.09 92.09 - 34.35	25.10 6,979.00 6,960.60 386.17 58.14 121.13 54.54
Northern Arc India Impact Fund	Investment in Class A units Fee Income Income from investment in AIF Fund operating fee	- 667.31 73.74 125.50	400.60 99.59 35.34 18.57
Northern Arc Emerging Corporate Bond Fund	Investment in Class B units Fee Income Income from investment in AIF Fund operating fee	236.00 22.19 5.75 3.61	- - - -
Kishore Fernandes	Remuneration* Employee stock option granted (in units)	285.00 6.31	- -
Ravi Venkatesh	Remuneration* Employee stock option granted (in units)	200.44 1.78	147.93 1.78

\* Amount attributable to post employment benefits have not been disclosed as the same cannot be identified distinctly in the aforesaid statement.



**31 Related party disclosures (continued)**

**B Outstanding balances with related parties on balance sheet date:**

Related Party	Transaction	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Northern Arc Capital Limited	Equity share capital	361.00	361.00
	Advances payable	-	140.30
	Other payable	129.01	131.32
	Borrowings	169.43	1,389.88
	Other receivables	61.33	-
	Reimbursement of Legal and professional charges receivable	204.72	332.71
	Employee Stock option related payables	162.83	150.13
IFMR Impact Investment Fund	Reimbursement of expense receivable	-	0.17
IFMR Impact Long Term Multi Asset Class Fund	Investment in class A (FV)	-	950.00
	Reimbursement of Legal and professional charges	11.36	3.25
IFMR Impact Medium Term Microfinance Fund	Reimbursement of Legal and professional charges	6.19	0.25
IFMR Impact Long Term Credit Fund	Investment in class A (FV)	541.70	510.00
	Fee Income Receivable	29.99	-
	Reimbursement of Legal and professional charges	7.72	1.31
IFMR Impact Medium Term Opportunities Fund	Investment in class A (FV)	-	500.00
	Fee Income Receivable	105.80	1.69
	Reimbursement of Legal and professional charges	11.64	21.58
IFMR Impact Income Builder Fund	Investment in class A (FV)	-	500.00
	Reimbursement of Legal and professional charges	8.27	1.92
Northern Arc Money Market Alpha Fund	Investment in class B (FV)	1,764.76	1,147.38
	Fee Income Receivable	181.48	54.02
	Fund operating fee receivable	28.12	12.76
Northern Arc Income Builder Fund (Series II)	Investment in class A (FV)	725.00	500.00
	Fee Income Receivable	139.81	2.65
	Fund operating fee receivable	60.17	-
Northern Arc India Impact Fund	Investment in class A (FV)	550.04	500.00
	Fee Income Receivable	194.96	34.87
	Fund operating fee receivable	36.00	6.71
Northern Arc Emerging Bond Fund	Investment in class D (FV)	252.11	-
	Fee Income Receivable	19.58	-
	Fund operating fee receivable	13.32	-
Ravi Vukatalal	Employee stock option (in units)	1.26	8.28
Kishore Panigrahi	Employee stock option (in units)	8.11	-

**C The Company has been appointed as the investment manager:**

- a) by the Trustees of IFMR Finance for Freedom Fund ("the Fund"), Axis Trustee Services Limited, for which the Company receives management fee of 1.25% per annum on the capital committed by the Class A and Class B unit holders of the Fund and disclosed as 'Fee income' under Note 19.
- b) by the Trustee of IFMR Finance for Freedom Fund III ("the Fund"), Axis Trustee Services Limited, for which the Company receives management fee of 1.35% per annum on the capital committed by the Class A and Class B unit holders of the Fund and disclosed as 'Fee income' under Note 19.
- c) by the Trustee of IFMR Finance for Freedom Fund IV ("the Fund"), Axis Trustee Services Limited, for which the Company receives management fee of 1.25% per annum on the capital committed by the Class A and Class B unit holders of the Fund and disclosed as 'Fee income' under Note 19.
- d) by the Trustee of IFMR Finance for Freedom Fund V ("the Fund"), Axis Trustee Services Limited, for which the Company receives management fee of 1.35% per annum on the capital committed by the Class A and Class B unit holders of the Fund and disclosed as 'Fee income' under Note 19.
- e) by the Trustee of Northern Arc Money Market Alpha Fund ("the Fund"), Axis Trustee Services Limited, for which the Company receives management fee of 0.040% per annum on the assets under management of the Class A and Class B unit holders of the Fund and disclosed as 'Fee income' under Note 19.
- f) by the Trustee of Northern Arc India Impact Fund ("the Fund"), Axis Trustee Services Limited, for which the Company receives management fee of 1.5% per annum on the capital committed by Class A and Class B unit holders of the Fund and disclosed as 'Fee income' under Note 19.
- g) by the Trustee of Northern Arc Emerging Corporate Bond Fund ("the Fund"), Amicorp Trustees (India) Private Limited, for which the Company receives management fee of 1.5% per annum on the capital committed by Class A and Class B unit holders of the Fund and disclosed as 'Fee income' under Note 19.



**Northern Arc Investment Managers Private Limited**

**Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023**  
 (All amounts are in Indian Rupees unless otherwise stated)

**31. Related party disclosures (continued)**

b) by the Trustee of Northern Arc Income Builder Fund Series II ("the Fund"), Axis Trustee Services Limited, for which the Company incurs management fee of 1.5% per annum on the capital committed by the Class A and Class B unit holders of the Fund and imposed as "Fee Income" under Note 19.

**32. Earnings per share – Basic and Diluted:**

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31, 2022
<b>Earnings</b>		
Net profit attributable to equity shareholders for calculation of basic EPS	912.81	890.81
Net profit attributable to equity shareholders for calculation of diluted EPS	912.81	890.81
<b>Shares</b>		
Equity shares at the beginning of the period	3,61,000	3,61,000
Shares issued during the period	-	-
Total number of equity shares outstanding at the end of the period	3,61,000	3,61,000
Weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year for calculation of basic EPS	3,61,000	3,61,000
Weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year for calculation of diluted EPS	3,61,000	3,61,000
Face value per share	100.00	100.00
<b>Earnings per share:</b>		
Basic (in rupees)	252.68	246.76
Diluted (in rupees)	252.68	246.76



**Northern Arc Investment Managers Private Limited**

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees in lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

**33 Ratio Analysis**

SINo.	Ratio	Numerator	Denominator	Mar-23	Mar-22	% of variance	Remarks
(i)	Current ratio	Current Assets	Current Liabilities	1.47	3.81	-53%	Variance is on a) Decrease in current assets due to maturity of term funds b) Increase in current liabilities - due to increase in shared service cost payable to holding company
(ii)	Debt Equity ratio	Total debt	Shareholder's Equity	0.04	0.37	-90%	Variance is on account of repayment of borrowings availed from holding company.
(iii)	Debt Service coverage ratio	Earnings for debt service = Net profit after taxes + Non-cash operating expenses	Debt service = Interest & Lease Payments + Principal Repayments	0.24	0.10	129%	Variance is due to repayment borrowings availed from holding company
(iv)	Return on Equity ratio	Net Profit after taxes	Average Shareholder's Equity	0.32	0.26	+17%	Variance is due to movement in profits
(v)	Trade Receivable - Turnover ratio	Net Credit Sales	Average Trade Receivable	8.12	13.51	-40%	Variance is due to increase in trade receivables
(vi)	Net capital - Turnover ratio	Net sales	Working capital = Current assets - Current liabilities	2.37	1.31	+81%	Variance is on account of - a) Decrease in current assets due to maturity of investments b) Increase in current liabilities due to increase in shared service cost payable to holding company
(vii)	Net Profit ratio	Net Profit	Net sales	0.29	0.39	-26%	Variance is on account of increase in business
(viii)	Return on Capital Employed	Earnings before interest and taxes	Capital Employed = Tangible Net Worth + Total Debt + Deferred Tax Liability	0.16	0.32	-50%	
(ix)	Return on Investment	Interest (Finance Income)	Investment	0.17	0.13	23%	Increase is on account of maturities of investments

Variances above 25% are explained above.

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**Northern Arc Investment Managers Private Limited**  
Notes to the Financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023  
(All amounts are in Indian Rupees in lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

**34. Other Statutory Information**

- a) The company does not have any litigation property, where any proceeding has been commenced or pending against the company for holding any litigation property.
- b) The company is not declared as under default by any bank or financial institution or other lender.
- c) The company do not have any transaction with companies which are:
- d) The company does not have any charges or encumbrance which is yet to be reported with ROC beyond the statutory period.
- e) The company have not traded or diverted as CPMI customer as Virtual Custodian during the financial year.
- f) The company has not provided any loans or advances or has investments made or given guarantees and assurances in respect provisions of Section 10C and 10B of the Companies Act 2013.
- g) As part of its normal business, the Company obtains borrowings from its holding Company and others as alternate investment fund managed by the Company. The AIFs invests in debt instruments issued by various unregulated funds or houses made by the mutual fund companies of the respective funds. These transactions are part of the Company's normal investment activities / business, which is audited after assessing proper due diligence including adherence to terms of Prudent Placement mechanism of respective AIFs and other provisions.

- Other material nature of transactions described above:
- a) No funds have been advanced on behalf or created by the Company to or in any other person(s) or entity(ies) ("intermediaries") with the understanding that the intermediary shall lend or invest in party identified by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries").
  - b) The Company has not received any fund from any party (a) ("Funding Party) with the understanding that the Company shall whether directly or indirectly lend or invest in other person(s) as under identified by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like in behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
  - c) The company have not any such transaction which is not recorded in the books of accounts that has been recorded or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessment under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (such as, search or survey or any other relevant provision of the Income Tax Act, 1961).
  - d) The company maintains proper books of account as required by law, except that such books of account are not accessible initially and the Company does not have power physically located in India for the daily back-up of the books of account and other books and papers concerned in electronic mode.

**35. Previous year's figures**

Previous year's figures have been restated to conform with the current year's classification / presentation, wherever applicable

After due investigation done and attested  
by S.R.Balaji & Associates LLP  
Chartered Accountants  
ICAI Firm Registration No : 010099/ET00004

for and on behalf of the Board of Directors of  
Northern Arc Investment Managers Private Limited  
CIN: U72910TNCB1971PLC095064

  
S. R. Balaji  
Partner  
Membership No: 310934  
Place: Chennai  
Date: May 6, 2023



  
D. Venkatesan  
Office:  
DIN: 02277111

  
K. Venkateswaran  
Date:  
DIN: 0233409

  
R. Vaidyanathan  
Chief Financial Officer

  
D. Venkatesan  
Company Secretary  
Membership No: A6548

Place: Mumbai  
Date: May 6, 2023

  
K. Venkateswaran C  
Chief Financial Officer

Place: Chennai  
Date: May 6, 2023

